From: <u>ELLIOTT Gayle (Framatome)</u>

To: Hoc, HOO X

Subject: [External_Sender] 10 CFR 21 Notification of Defect - Public

Date: Saturday, June 22, 2024 8:39:57 AM

Attachments: <u>image003.png</u>

Notice of 10 CFR 21 Defect - June 2024 FINAL.docx

Sensitivity: Confidential

Attached is a Framatome Inc. Notification of Defect.

Thank you,

Gayle Elliott Director, Licensing & Regulatory Affairs Framatome Inc.

Office 434 832-3347 Mobile 434 841-0306 3315 Old Forest Road Lynchburg, VA 24501 gayle.elliott@framatome.com



www.framatome.com

Important Note: This e-mail may contain trade-secrets or privileged, undisclosed or otherwise confidential information. If you have received this e-mail in error, you are hereby notified that any review, copying or distribution of it is strictly prohibited. Please inform us immediately and destroy the original transmittal. Thank you for your cooperation.



Please don't print this e-mail unless you really need to. Thank you



Notice of 10 CFR 21 Defect

Subject:

Notification of 10 CFR 21 Defect

Name and Address of Individual Informing the Commission:

Gayle Elliott
Director, Licensing & Regulatory Affairs
Framatome Inc.
3315 Old Forest Road
Lynchburg, Va. 24501

Title:

Burnable Poison Rod Assembly Misload

Identification of Basic Activity:

Burnable Poison Rod Assembly

Basic Activity Supplied By:

Framatome Inc.

Nature of Defect:

Framatome Inc. (Framatome) was notified by Duke Energy Carolinas regarding unexpected high reactor peaking factor readings seen during start-up testing at Oconee Unit 3, Cycle 33 in a core location (H-5) that had a fresh fuel assembly of type 35A (UDPK01), fresh Burnable Poison Rod Assembly (BPRA) (BGAA), and a new incore detector. It was determined that the unexpected high readings resulted from incorrect boron concentration of Al2O3-B4C pellets in two of the BPRAs. A second BPRA (BGA9) was located in core location (D-7). During the fabrication process of the BPRAs, 0.2% boron concentration Al2O3-B4C pellets were inadvertently combined with the intended 2.0% boron concentration Al2O3-B4C pellets, which were then placed back into inventory labeled as 2.0%.

The BPRA concentration is a critical characteristic of a core design. This non-conformance affects the safety function of these two BPRAs and could contribute to exceeding a reactor core safety limit, as defined in the technical specifications of the licensee, were it to remain uncorrected.

Defect Determination Date:

This issue was determined to be a 10 CFR 21 Defect on June 21, 2024.



Number and Location of Basic Components:

The identified defect is isolated to only one reactor, Oconee Unit 3 and only in Cycle 33. Two BPRAs were affected.

Corrective Actions to Date:

- Framatome Inc. replaced the two affected BPRAs with BPRAs fabricated correctly.
- A Root Cause Analysis has been initiated by Framatome Inc. and is scheduled for completion by July 31, 2024.

Advice related to the Defect:

Framatome replaced the two affected BPRAs and informed Oconee Unit 3 of the initiation of a Root Cause Analysis.