# Oconee Flood Issue Jocassee Dam Failure Frequency

Division of Risk Assessment



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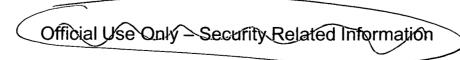
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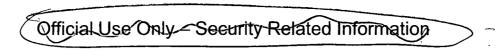


## Derivation of the Random Jocassee Frequency

- Two Catastrophic Failures Derived from NPDP National Performance of Dams Program
  - Frenchman (Montana)
    - Failure in 1952
    - 63-ft height (some literature shows it as 44-ft)
    - Low hazard class
  - Skagway (Colorado)
    - Failure in 1965
    - 79-ft height
    - Significant hazard class





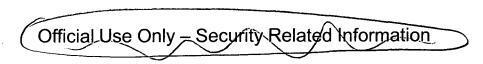


## Failure Modes That Constitute The Jocassee Dam Catastrophic Failure Frequency

- Random ("sunny day") failure
  - Overtopping due to random failure
  - Piping or seepage
  - Foundation and structural defects
  - Other
- PMP (Probable Maximum Precipitation) PMF (Probable Maximum Flood)
  - Results in overtopping
- Seismic
  - Results in a catastrophic foundation/structural failure
  - Overtopping potential due to wave.
  - Evaluation done for Duke in 2007 calculates Jocassee HCLPF at 0.22g for slide initiation.







## Parsing The Frequency Of Random ("Sunny Day") Failure Modes

#### Pros

- Get higher resolution of failure modes contributing to the catastrophic failure frequency.
- Concentrate on specific engineering/operational improvements to reduce overall frequency.

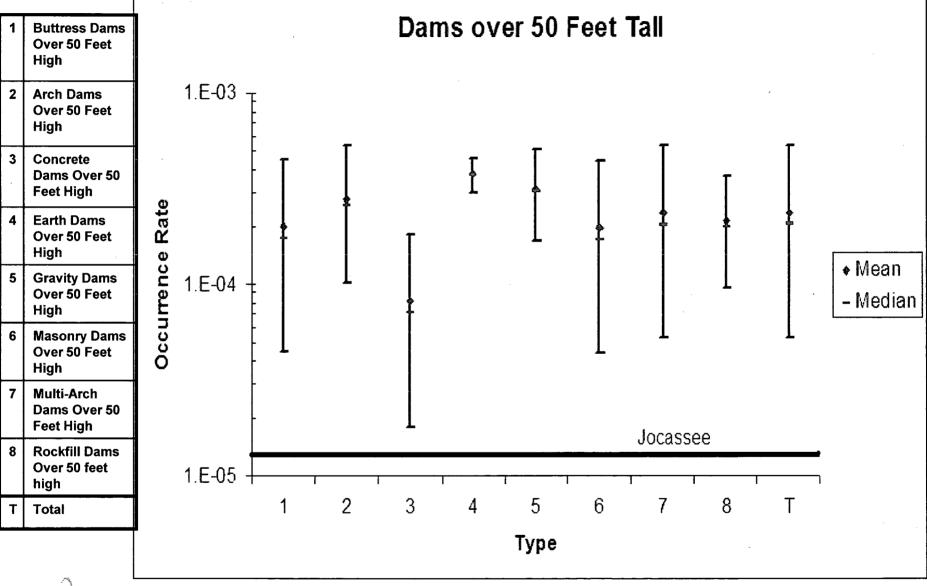
#### Cons

- Cannot statistically justify if the overall catastrophic failure data is sparse.
- Method is not well developed relying on the assumption that each failure mode is statistically independent without consideration of common cause.
- Uncertainty needs to be addressed for each failure mode which might yield distributions that are too wide to be confidently used.



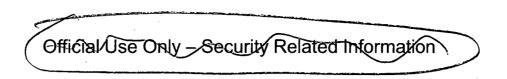


### Official-Use Only—Security Related Information Comparison of Random Dam Failures by Type









#### **Evaluation**

- Uncertainty bands are narrowest for rockfill (similar to Jocassee) and earthen dam types.
- Mean and median (50<sup>th</sup> percentile) frequencies are in the 10<sup>-4</sup> to 10<sup>-3</sup> per year range.



